

Multiple integrals

1. Evaluate double integrals:

- a) $\iint_M x^2 y \, dx dy, M : x = 2, x = 5, y = 1, y = 3$ b) $\iint_M xy \, dx dy, M : x = 0, y = 0, x + y = 1$
 c) $\iint_M \cos x \, dx dy, M : y = 0, y = \sin x, x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ d) $\iint_M 2y \, dx dy, M : x = 0, y = 2 - x, y = \sqrt{x}$
 e) $\iint_M 2x \, dx dy, M : y = \sin x, y = -x, x = \pi$ f) $\iint_M (2x + y) \, dx dy, M : y = 0, y = 1 - x, y = 1 + x$
 g) $\iint_M \frac{x}{y^2} \, dx dy, M : y = x^2, y = 4x^2, x \geq 0, y = 4$

Solution: a) 156 b) 1/24 c) 1/2 d) 11/6 e) $2\pi + 2\pi/3$ f) 1/3 g) $3\ln 2/4$

2. By means of polar transformation evaluate double integrals:

- a) $\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx dy$ b) $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy$ c) $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \arctan \frac{y}{x} dx dy$ d) $\int_0^\pi \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi^2-x^2}} \sin \sqrt{x^2+y^2} dx dy$
 e) $\iint_M (1 - 2x - 3y) dx dy, M$ is disc with radius 3 and centre in the origin of coordinates
 f) $\iint_M \sin \sqrt{x^2+y^2} dx dy, M : \pi^2 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 4\pi^2$
 g) $\iint_M \sqrt{4 - (x^2 + y^2)} dx dy, M : x^2 + y^2 \leq 2x$
 h) $\iint_M \frac{\ln(x^2 + y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)} dx dy, M : 1 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq e, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$
 ch) $\iint_M 2 - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx dy, M : x^2 + y^2 \leq 4, y \geq |x|$
 i) $\iint_M (x^2 + y^2) dx dy, M : (x-1)^2 + y^2 \leq 1, y \geq 0$
 j) $\iint_M \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx dy, M : x^2 + (y-1)^2 \leq 1$

Solution: a) $\pi/2$ b) $\pi(1-e^{-1})/2$ c) $\pi^2/16$ d) $2\pi(\pi - 1)$ e) 9π
 f) $-6\pi^2$ g) $8(3\pi - 4)/9$ h) $\pi/4$ ch) $2\pi/3$ i) $3\pi/4$ j) $32/9$

3. Evaluate triple integrals:

- a) $\iiint_T x^2 y^2 z \, dx dy dz, T : x = 1, x = 3, y = 0, y = 2, z = 2, z = 5$
 b) $\iiint_T (xy^2 + z - 2) \, dx dy dz, T : x = 0, x = 3, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0, z = 4$
 c) $\iiint_T (2y + 1) \, dx dy dz, T : x = 0, x = 2, y = 0, y = 2, z = 0, x + y - z = 0$
 d) $\iiint_T xyz \, dx dy dz, T : y = x, y = 2x, y = 2, z = 0, z = 4$

$$\text{e) } \iiint_T (x - y + 2) dx dy dz, T : 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 - x, 4x^2 \leq z \leq 5 - x^2$$

$$\text{f) } \iiint_T 3 dx dy dz, T : -\sqrt{4 - y^2} \leq x \leq \sqrt{4 - y^2}, 0 \leq y \leq 2, 0 \leq z \leq 2x + y$$

$$\text{g) } \iiint_T (2x + 3y - z) dx dy dz, T : x = 0, y = 0, x + y = 1, z = 0, z = 2$$

$$\text{h) } \iiint_T (x - y + 2z) dx dy dz, T : x = 1, y = 0, x + y = 3, z = 0, 3y + z = 6$$

$$\text{ch) } \iiint_T \frac{dx dy dz}{(x + y + z + 1)^3}, T : x = 0, y = 0, z = 0, x + y + z = 1$$

$$\text{i) } \iiint_T xyz dx dy dz, T : x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z \geq 0, x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1$$

$$\text{j) } \iiint_T y \cos(x + z) dx dy dz, T : 0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{x}, z = 0, x + z = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Solution: a) 728/3 b) 6 c) 69 d) 12 e) 4 f) 16

g) 2/3 h) 46 ch) $(\ln 2 - 5/8)/2$ i) 1/48 j) $\pi^2/16 - 1/2$

4. By means of cylindrical and spherical coordinates evaluate triple integrals:

$$\text{a) } \iiint_T (x^2 + y^2) z dx dy dz, T : 0 \leq z \leq 3, x^2 + y^2 \leq 4$$

$$\text{b) } \iiint_T \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx dy dz, T : x^2 + y^2 = 1, z = 0, z = 4 - x - y$$

$$\text{c) } \iiint_T x dx dy dz, T : x^2 + y^2 = 4, z = 0, z = 1 + x^2 + y^2$$

$$\text{d) } \iiint_T (y + 1) dx dy dz, T : x^2 + y^2 = 9, z = 0, z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\text{e) } \iiint_T (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dx dy dz, T : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 4$$

$$\text{f) } \iiint_T (x + 2z) dx dy dz, T : 1 \leq x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 9, z \geq 0$$

$$\text{g) } \iiint_T xyz dx dy dz, T : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1, x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z \geq 0$$

$$\text{h) } \iiint_T \arctan \frac{y}{x} dx dy dz, T : x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, x \geq 0, y \geq 0, 0 \leq z \leq 2$$

$$\text{ch) } \iiint_T \sin \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx dy dz, T : x^2 + y^2 \leq \pi^2, 0 \leq z \leq x^2 + y^2$$

$$\text{i) } \iiint_T dx dy dz, T : |x + y| \leq 1, 0 \leq z \leq 1 - (x^2 + y^2), x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$$

j) $\iiint_T (y+1) dx dy dz, T: x^2 + y^2 = 9, 0 \leq z \leq \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

k) $\iiint_T x dx dy dz, T: x^2 + y^2 = 4, z = 0, z = 1 + x^2 + y^2$

l) $\iiint_T (x + y + z) dx dy dz, T: 1 \leq x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 4$

m) $\iiint_T z dx dy dz, T: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1, z \leq x^2 + y^2$

Solution: a) 36π b) $8\pi/3$ c) 0 d) 18π e) $128\pi/5$ f) 40π g) $1/48$ h) $\pi^2/8$
 ch) $2\pi^2(\pi^2 - 6)$ i) $\pi/4 - 2/3$ j) 18π k) 12π l) $4\pi - \pi/4$ m) $\pi(\pi/16 + 1/8)$